



NHIS^{GLOBAL FORUM} 2025

***The Wearable Revolution:
The Future of Smart Healthcare Driven by
AI and Data-Powered Medical Devices***

Seung-Jin Oh. MD / NHIS Ilsan hospital

Wearables

Digital Biomarker

4P Medicine (Predictive, Preventive,
Personalized, Participatory)



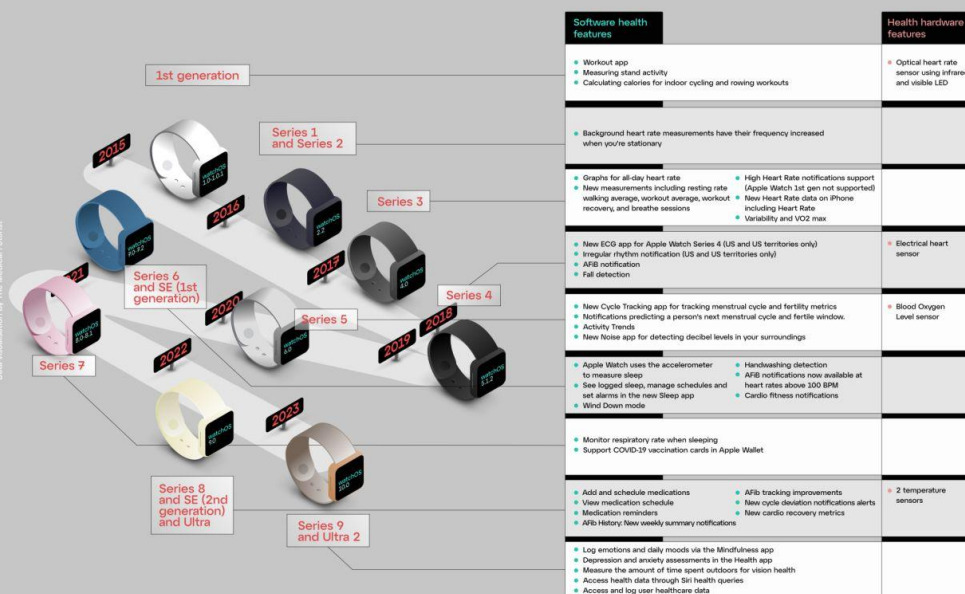
The Digital Health Landscape

Data visualization by The Medical Futurist



Wearables for Wellness for Lifestyle modification

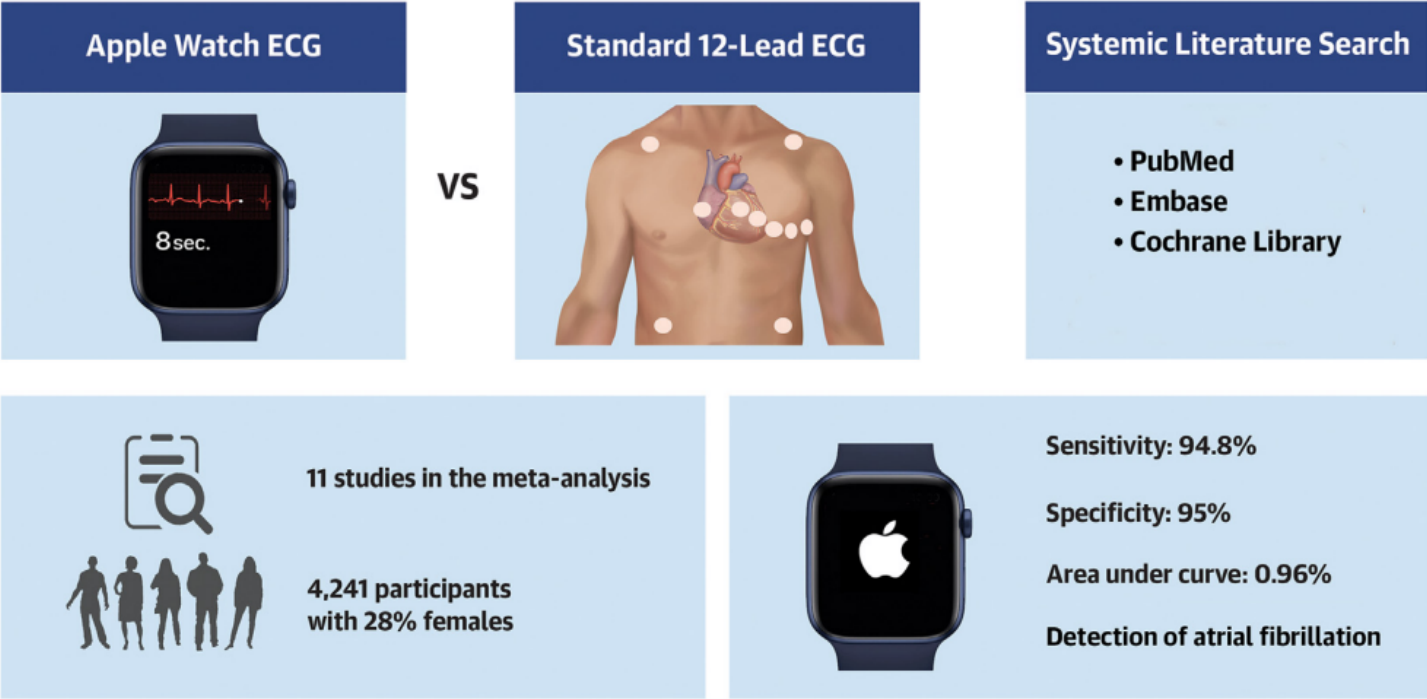
The Evolution of Apple Watch Health Features



Infographic by The Medical Futurist

The Evolution of Apple Watch

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION Diagnostic Accuracy of Apple Watch Electrocardiogram for Atrial Fibrillation: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis

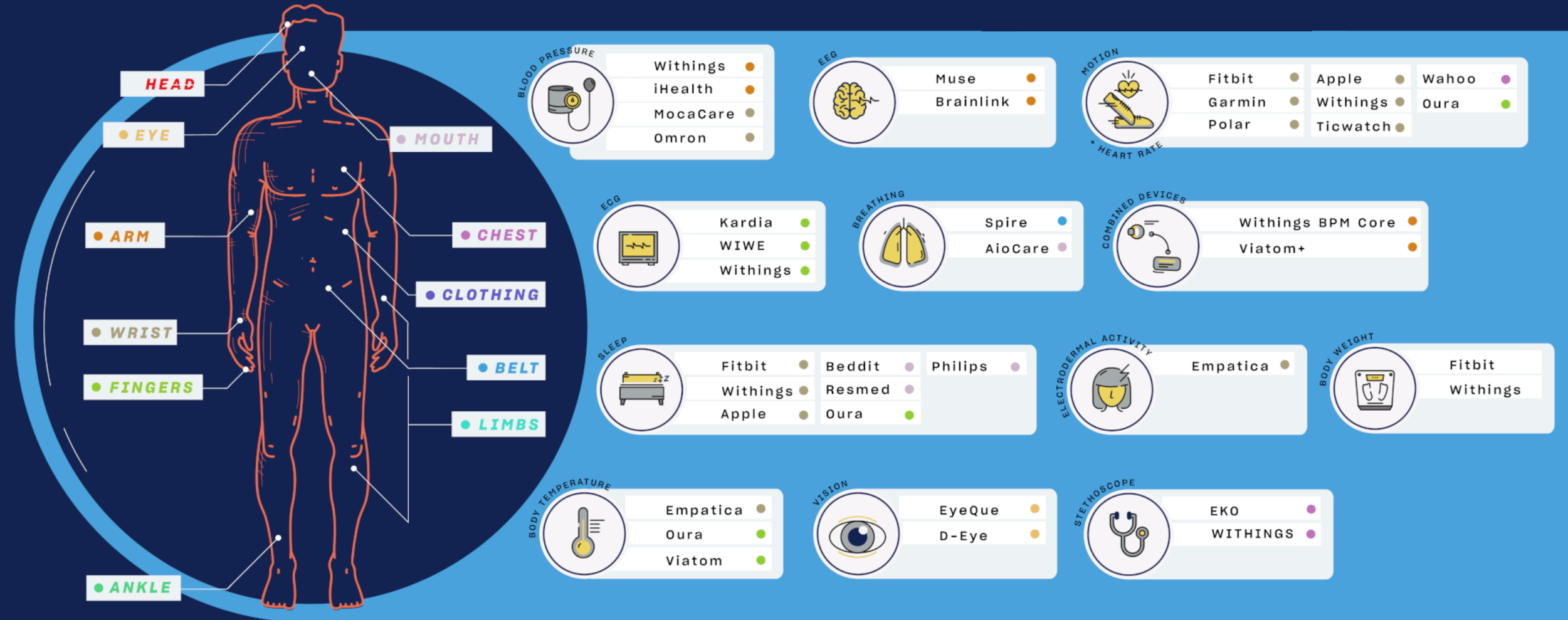


	Health hardware features
workouts	• Optical heart rate sensor using infrared and visible LED
frequency increased	
Heart Rate notifications support (Apple Watch 1st gen not supported) Heart Rate data on iPhone Including Heart Rate variability and VO2 max	
S territories only) only)	• Electrical heart sensor
ple and fertility metrics cycle and fertile window. surroundings	• Blood Oxygen Level sensor
dishwashing detection notifications now available at at rates above 100 BPM dio fitness notifications	
at	
tracking improvements cycle deviation notifications alerts cardio recovery metrics	• 2 temperature sensors
app	
Depression and anxiety assessments in the Health app Measure the amount of time spent outdoors for vision health Access health data through Siri health queries Access and log user healthcare data	

Wearables for Healthcare

Diagnosis, Treatment, and Management for Disease

Require medical device certification for Clinical decision making





TeleMedicine vs. TeleHealth

based on Technology

■ Synchronous ■ Asynchronous "store-and-forward"

TeleHealth

TeleMedicine

Video
conferencing

2nd opinion

Telephone
conferencing

On-demand
prescription

Text
conferencing

Data analysis

Remote Patient Monitoring

Tele-Surgery

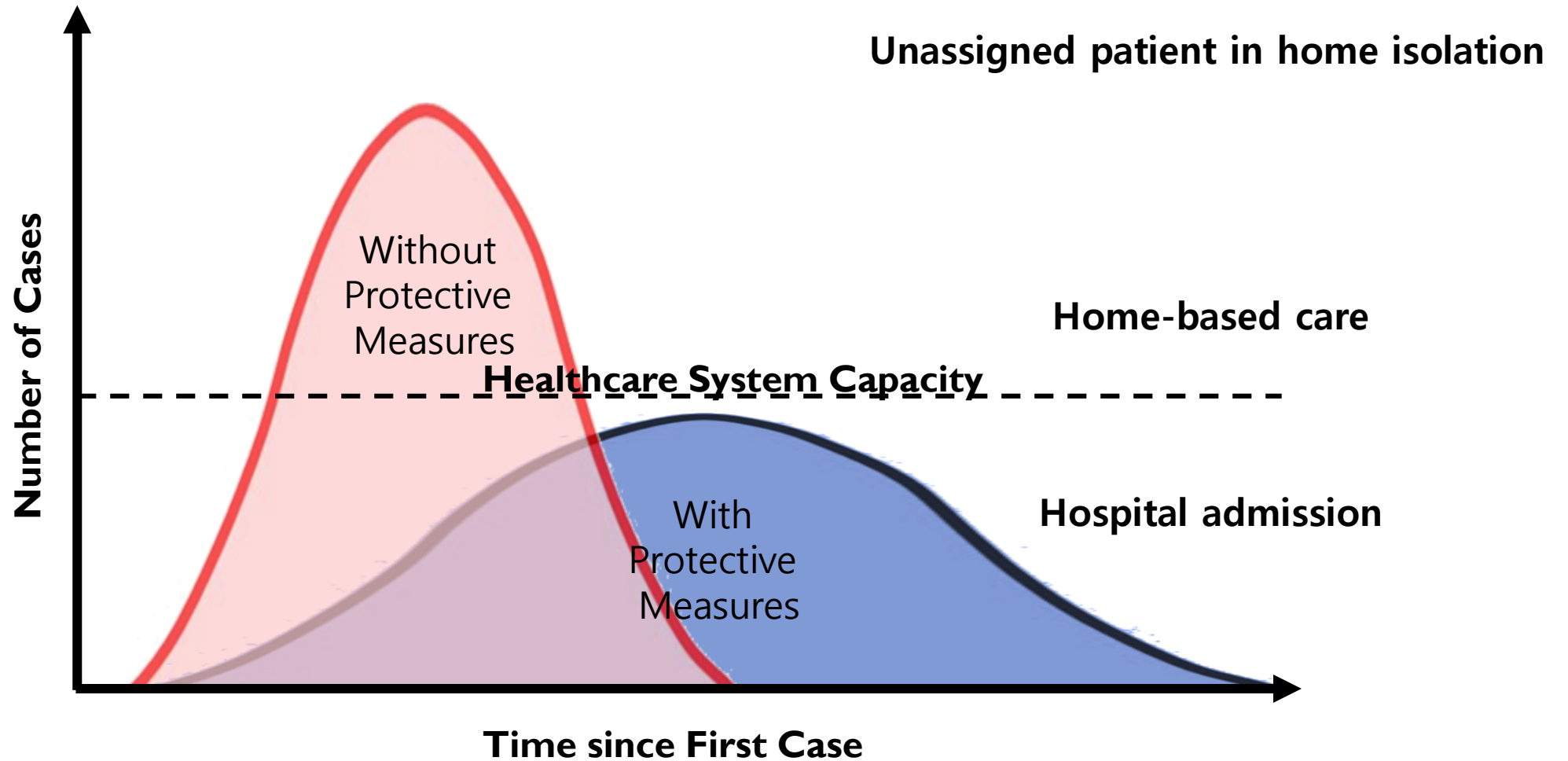
Tele-Radiology

Tele-ICU

Decentralized Clinical Trial



TeleMedicine after COVID 19



TeleMedicine after COVID 19

Virtual care and outpatient options show more potential revenue growth through 2022.

Healthcare growth potential by segment by 2022, CAGR,¹ %

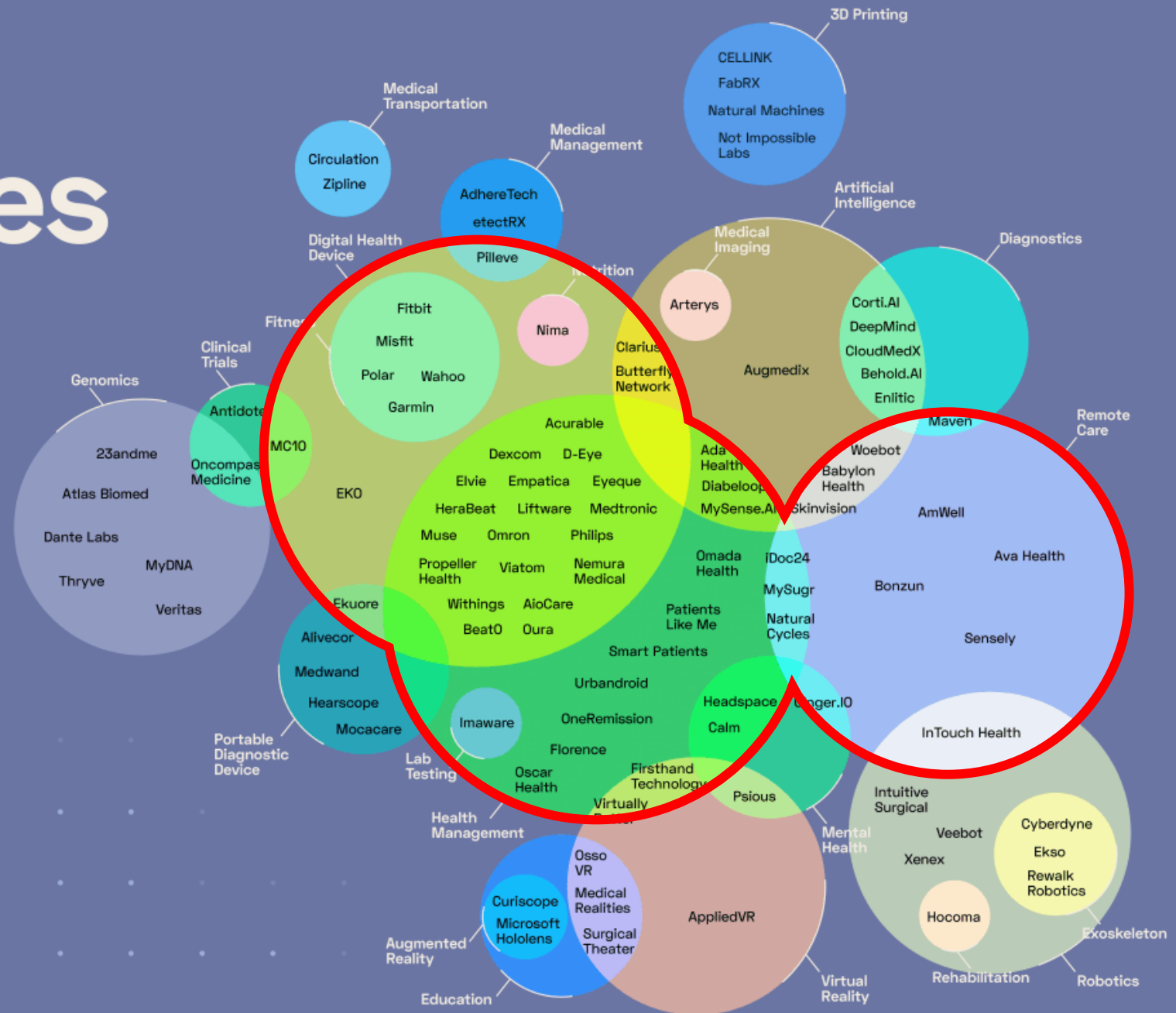
■ Inpatient ■ Outpatient



¹Compound annual growth rate.
Source: McKinsey analysis

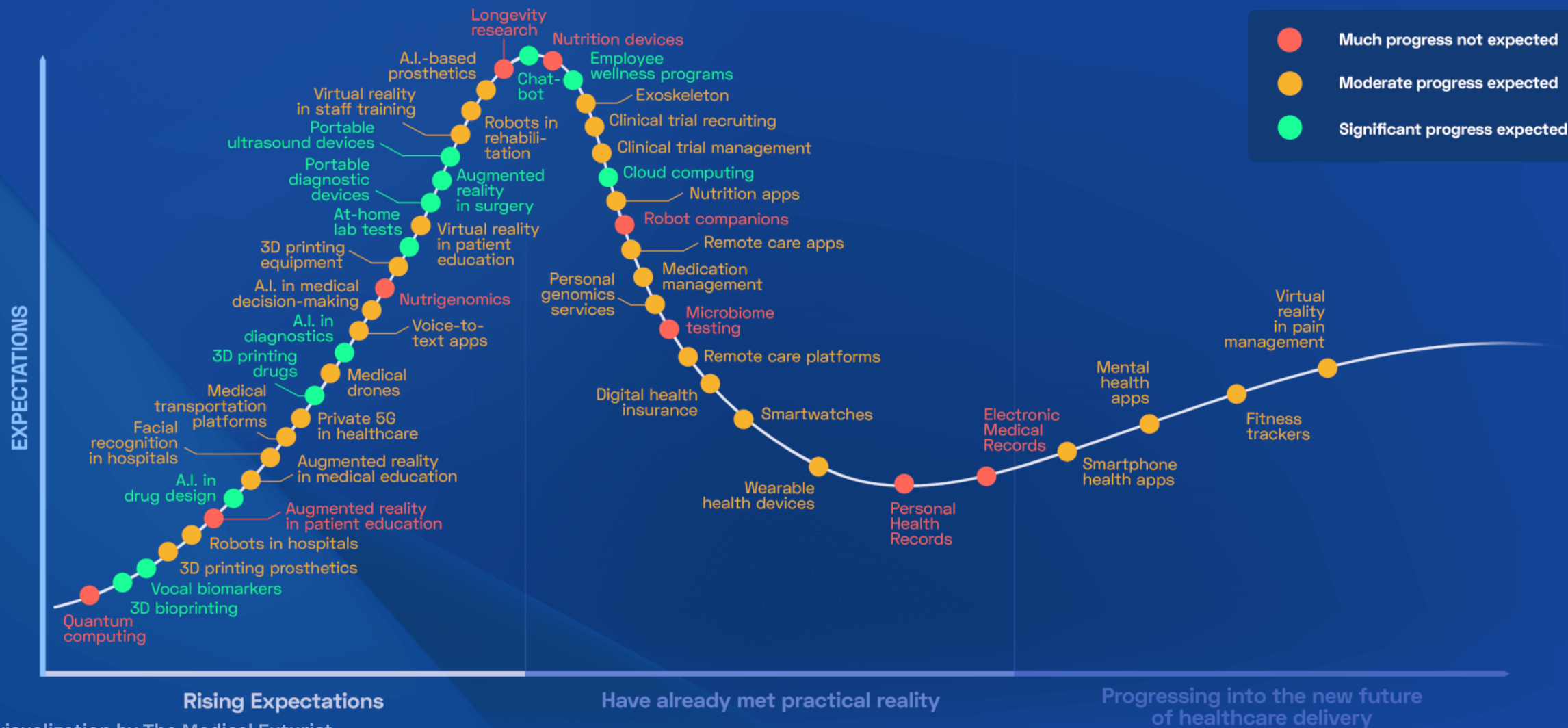
Top 100 Companies

2020



Hype Cycle Of The Top 50 Emerging Digital Health Trends

Data visualization by The Medical Futurist

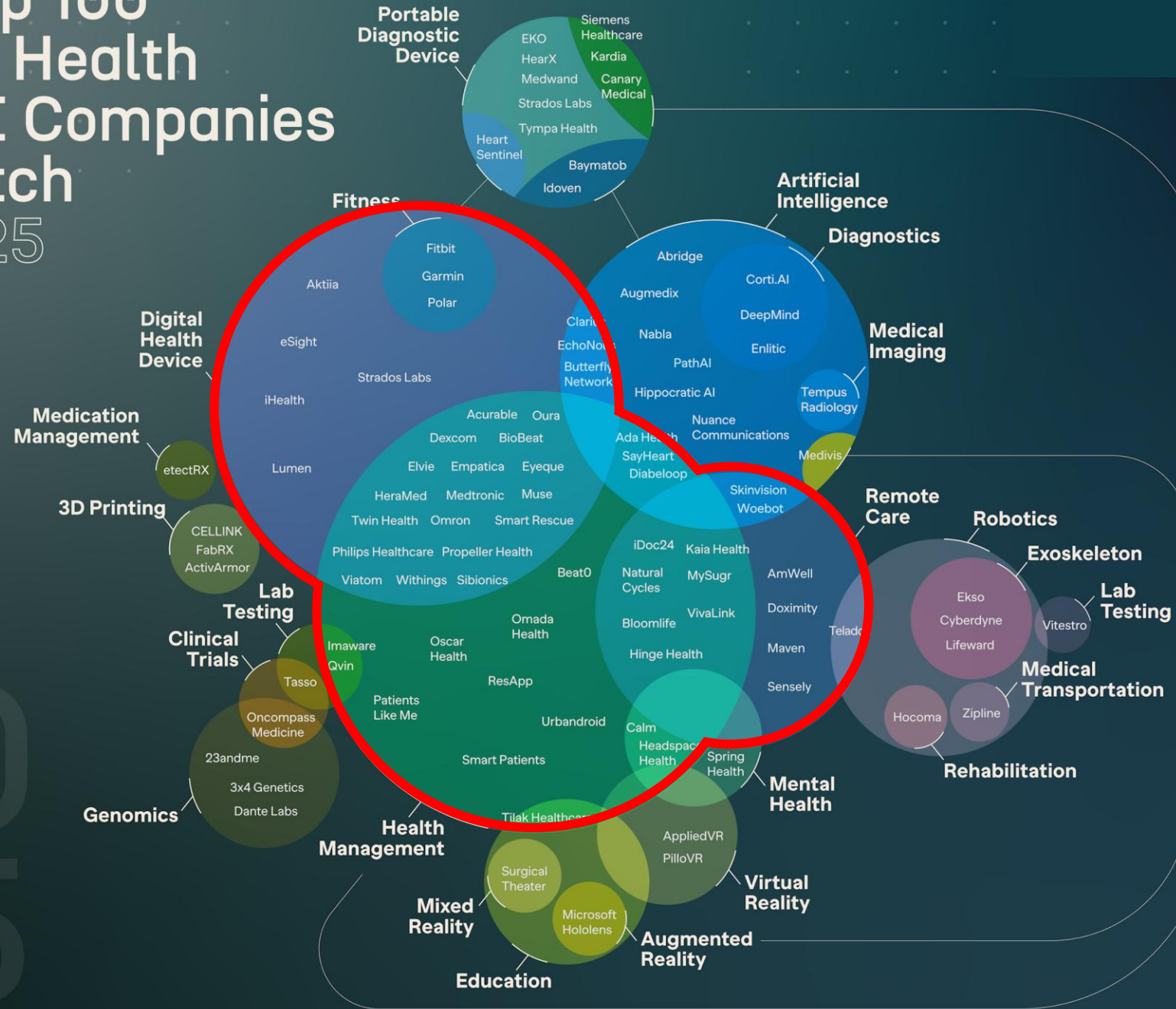


Data visualization by The Medical Futurist

The Top 100 Digital Health and AI Companies To Watch In 2025

Data visualization by The Medical Futurist

2025



Data visualization by The Medical Futurist

FIRST



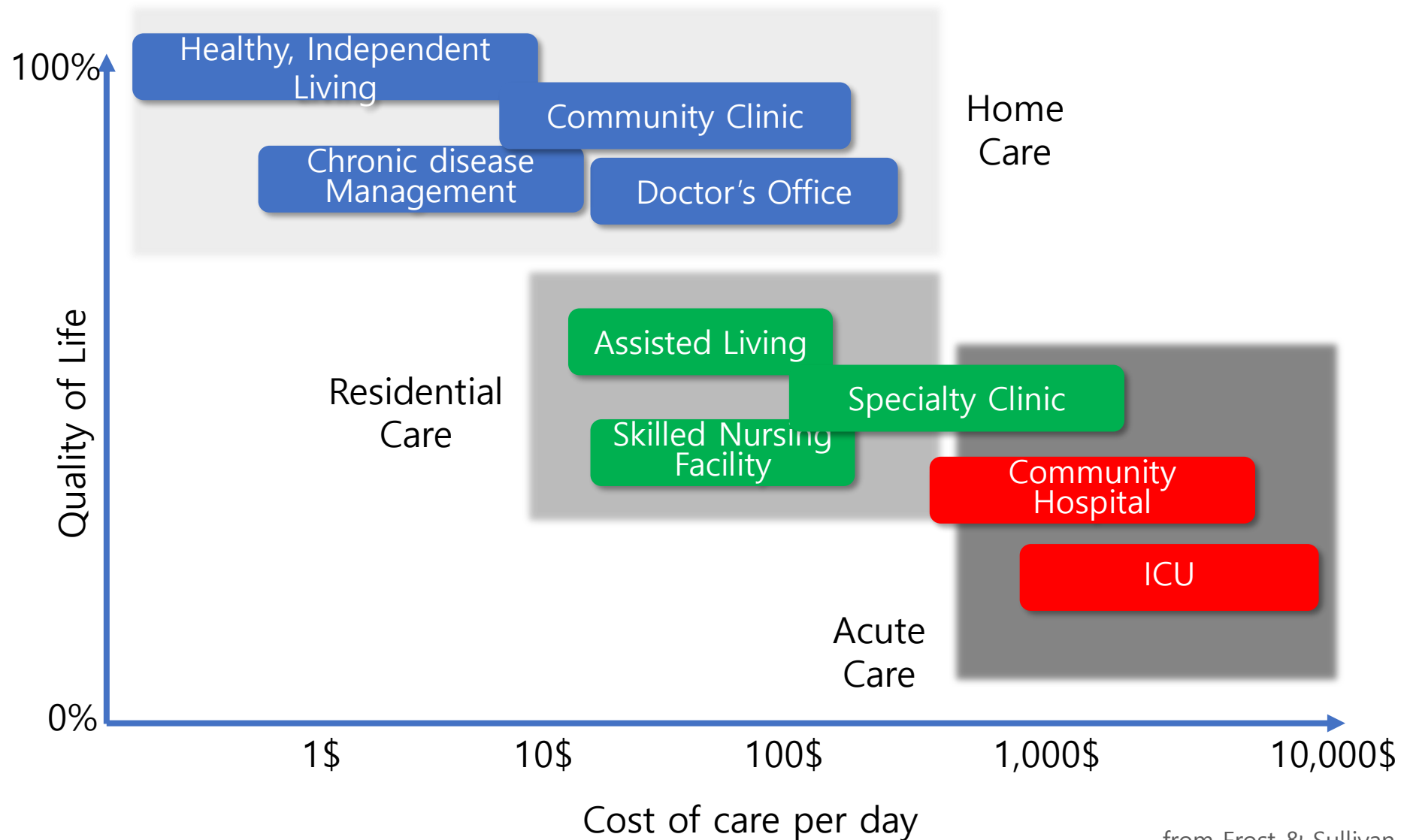
Consumer
Technology
Association™

 **Abbott**
life. to the fullest.





Why do we need RPM ?





real time

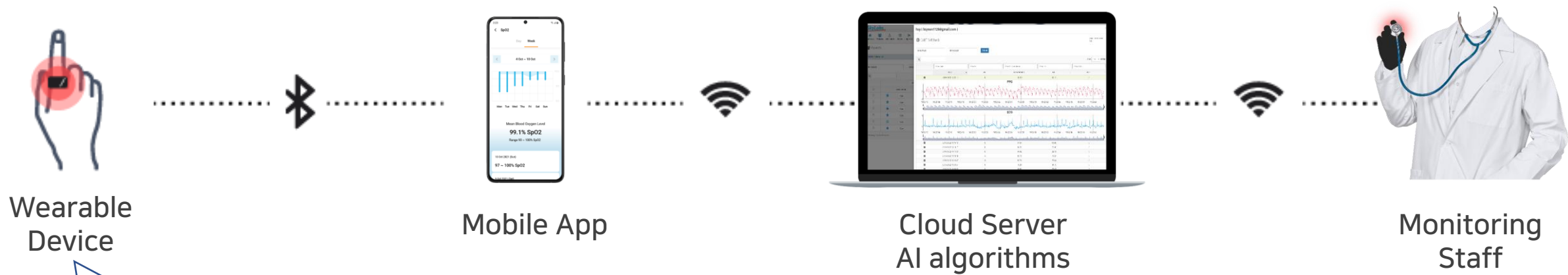
RPM

emote

atient

onitoring

What is needed for rt-RPM



Exploded view diagram of a wearable device showing components: 410 HOUSING (e.g., METAL INJECTION MOLDED (MIM)), 400 BATTERY (e.g., 10 mAh), 415 FLEX CIRCUIT (FORMED), and 406. A separate component 415 is also shown.

Sensors

MCU/Processor

Wireless Connectivity

Battery & Power

Form Factor & Design

Internal components and sensor layout of a wearable device. The top part shows a cross-section of the device with labels: TEMPERATURE SENSOR 320a, RED LED 320b, LIGHT SENSOR 320c, and IR LED 320d. The bottom part shows a photograph of the device with labels: GREYOW YE160728G, 3.7V 21mAh 0.777Wh, and various electronic components like capacitors and resistors.

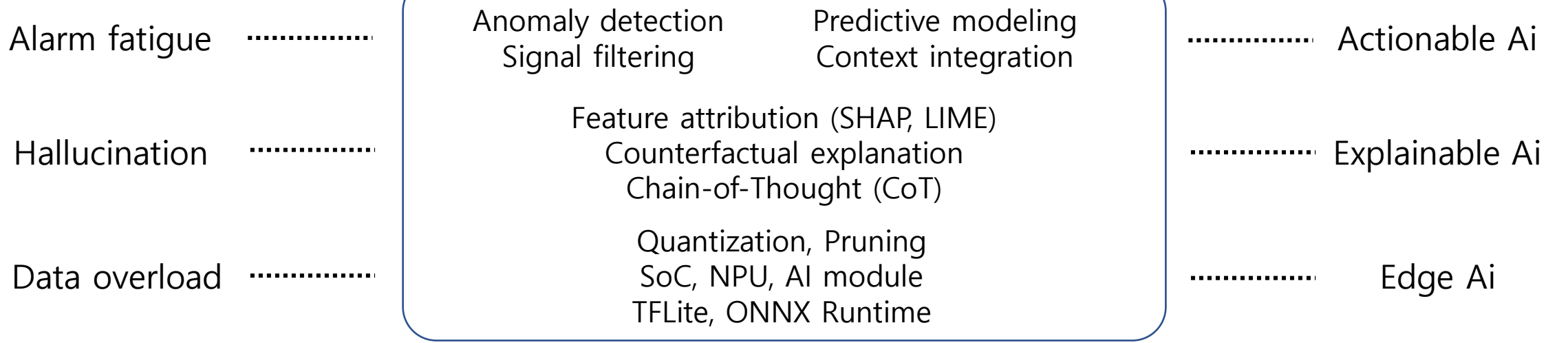


real time, continuous

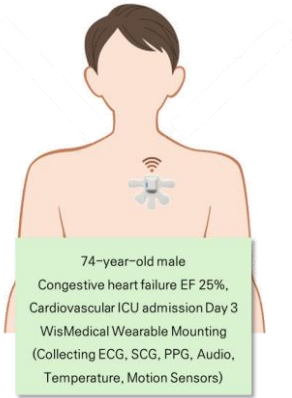
Triage

“draw or choose, after examination.”

What is needed for rt-RPM



eXplainable AI on wearable



1. Real-time multimodal data collection

[Examples of collected data]
Heart rate (ECG): 102 bpm (uptrend)
Cardiac output index (SCG): 22% decrease compared to baseline
Pulse wave propagation velocity (PPG): Estimated increase in peripheral resistance → upward
S3 Heart Sound Strength (Audio): +30% vs. baseline
Posture/movement: Mostly supine, no nighttime position change
Skin temperature: 36.8°C (normal category)

2. XAI Application

[SHAP Analysis–Explanation of Major Factors Contributing to Decision-making]
SHAP VALUE based on priority..
1. ****SCG-based systolic time reduction (Δ SCG-STs)**** → SHAP +0.28
2. Increased heart rate (Δ HR) → SHAP +0.21
3. ****S3 Heart Sound Increase**** → SHAP +0.18
4. ****PPG Waveform Delay**** → SHAP +0.12
5. Others (posture, temperature, etc.) → SHAP $\pm$ 0.01 or lower
[Prediction Results] "Decreased mechanical contractility + increased heart rate + increased auscultation abnormal sound" was a key factor in the increase in worsening risk scores

[Counterfactual explanation (What if it was different?)]
Counterfactual scenario presented:
"If your current heart rate is ****90 bpm or less**** and your cardiac output is at the baseline level,
→ risk score would have dropped to 0.42."
→ medical staff intuitively understand which factor control could dismiss the alarm



Benefits

Who will benefit from the telehealth



AS-IS

- Direct patient measurement twice daily
Body temperature, oxygen saturation
- Twice a day manually entered by patients
Possible typing errors
Landline call without input
If you can't make a call, visit your home
- Patient care Passive monitoring by medical staff
Individual patient-specific monitoring
- Patient care medical staff manually identify signs
Possible time delay
- Not reflected

FLOW

Measurement of vital signs



Vital sign input



monitoring



Anomaly alarm



Reflection of treatment results



TO-BE

- Real-time continuous automatic measurement
Blood pressure, pulse, oxygen saturation
- Real-time continuous auto-entry
No typing errors
No input
Signal error and network error may occur
- Algorithm-based automated monitoring
Monitoring of entire patient populations
- After identifying algorithm-based automatic alarms
Real-time delivery to medical staff
- Real-time algorithm automatically reflected

Rt RPM during COVID pandemic

01



Raw Data



Data analysis

02



Analysis Results

03



Intervention

Postvaccination at NHIMC Anomaly Monitoring 21.3.10~21.3.26

Patients



1,001

Data

HR 804,804

SPO2 391,391

BP 27,895

Safe quarantine accommodation in Goyang 21.4.28~21.5.31

Patients



84

Data

HR 45,032

SPO2 26,156

BP 1,553

BT 28,054

Infection control Hub Hospita 21.5.17~21.5.31

Patients



66

Data

HR 52,470

SPO2 35,457

BP 1,887

BT 197,213



Abnormal
Signals

108

2

4

Adverse
reactions

30

13

34



SMS

426

50

Call

21

30

Real-time
moderation

What is needed for rt-RPM

Data accuracy & fidelity

Connectivity reliability
Low latency

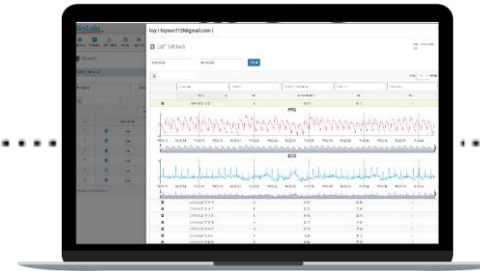
Real-time interpretation
& response
Data security & Privacy



Wearable
Device



Mobile App



Cloud Server
AI algorithms



Monitoring
Staff

-30%

+5min

-20%

+5min

~ +6hr

What is needed for rt-RPM

From Dec 23, 2024 95 patients enrolled

Latency

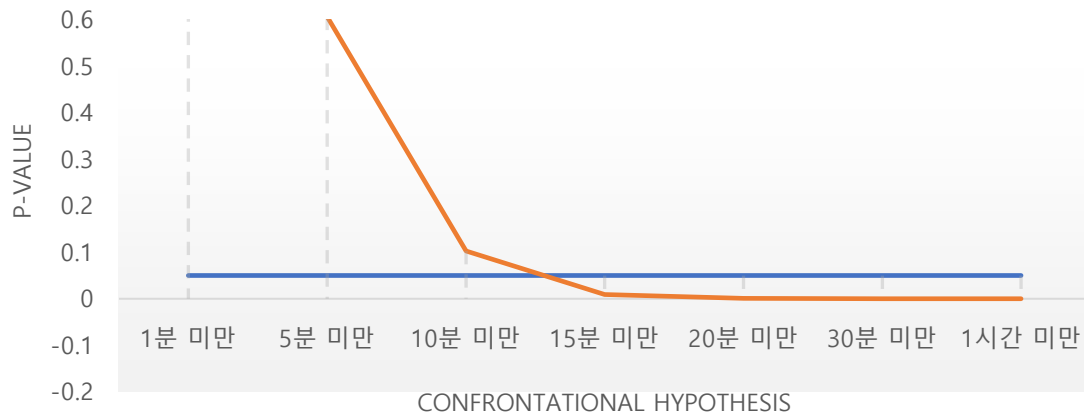
Hypothesis 1. Is it real-time RPM with a dedicated mobile phone APP method?

Primary endpoint = (A-B),

A : Time signal acquired,

B : Time signal delivered to the server

$H_0 : A-B \geq \delta \text{ min.}$ vs. $H_1 : A-B < \delta \text{ min.}$



Connectivity

Hypothesis 2. Does the 24-hour signal acquisition rate (SAR) exceed 0.81 (0.9×0.9)?

Signal acquisition rate (%) = $\frac{\text{Number of effective signals collected}}{\text{Number of times from wearing time}} \times 100$

Number of effective signals collected

Number of times from wearing time

$H_0 : SAR \leq 80\%$ vs. $H_1 : SAR > 80\%$

Average SAR = 83.7% (p=0.35)

National Health Insurance Service Ilsan Hospital

 One & Only
Insurer's hospital
In South Korea

+

 Regional Hub hospital
responsible for
2M citizen

=

  NHIC
Ilsan hospital



• Mission

Health insurance model hospital
that leads people's healthy lives
and right medical standards

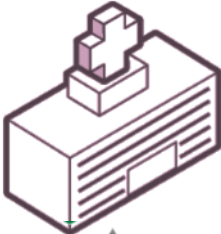
• Core Values

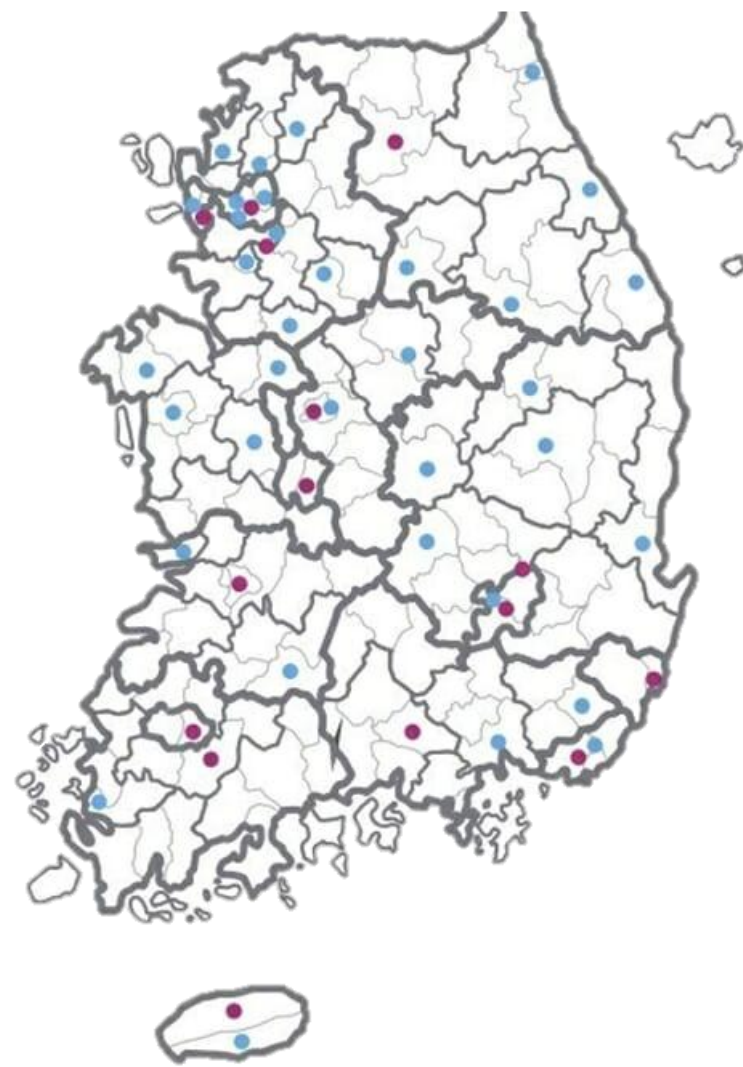
Patient centered

Outstanding expertise

Happy workplace

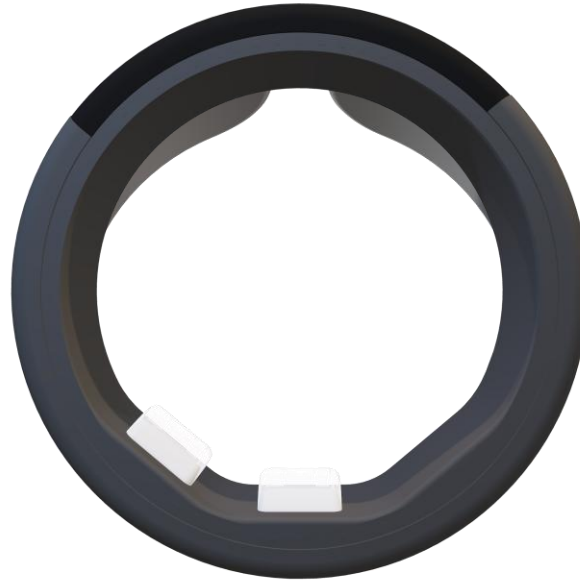
National Health Insurance Service Ilsan Hospital

		EMC	CCVC	MCHC	
	Public central hub hospitals	15	42	14	12
	Public regional hub hospitals	35	137	10	33
	Public district centers				
					



All-in-One Wearable under development

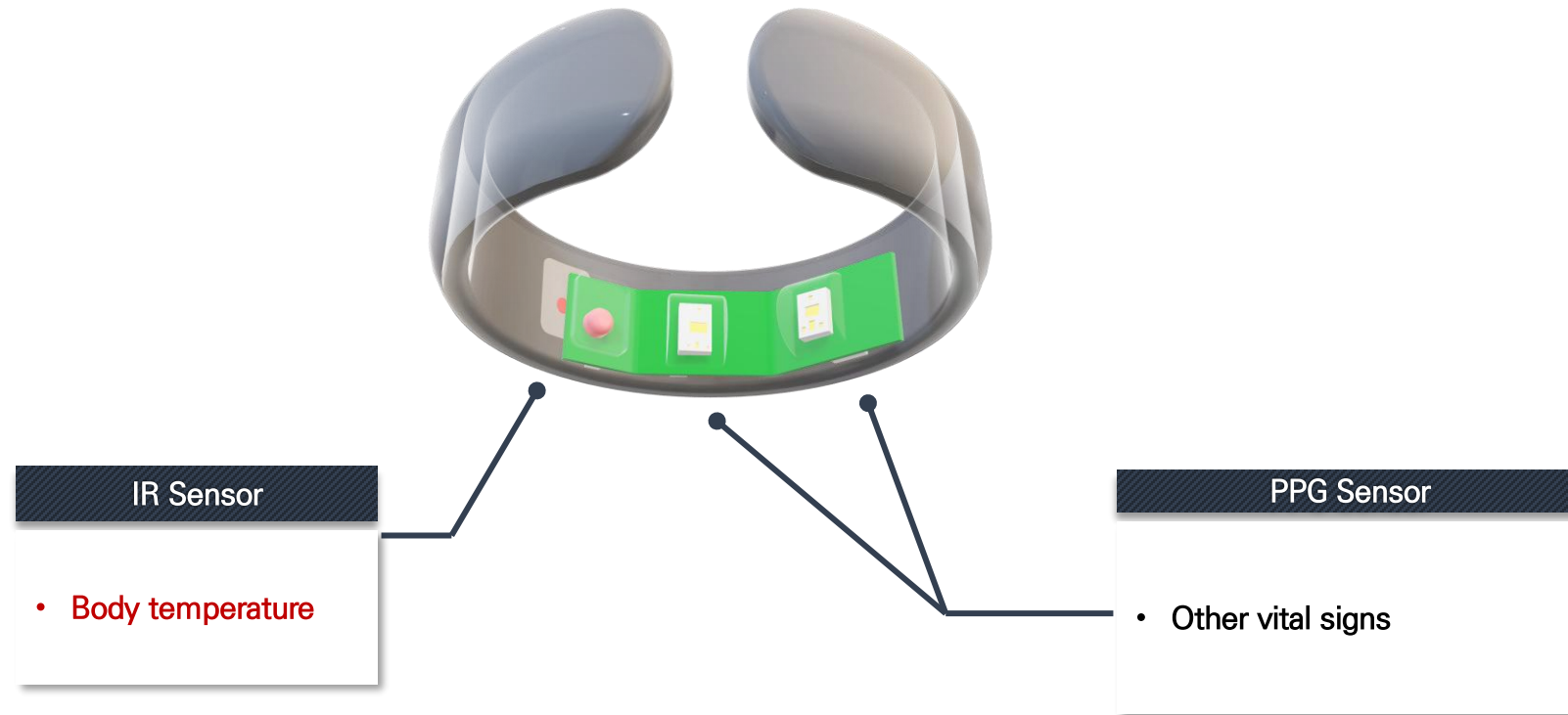
World's First continuous monitoring wearable capable of 6 major vital signs
(Blood pressure, Heart rate, Respiratory rate, Body temperature, Blood oxygen level, Arrhythmia)



All-in-One Wearable under development

World's First continuous monitoring wearable capable of 6 major vital signs

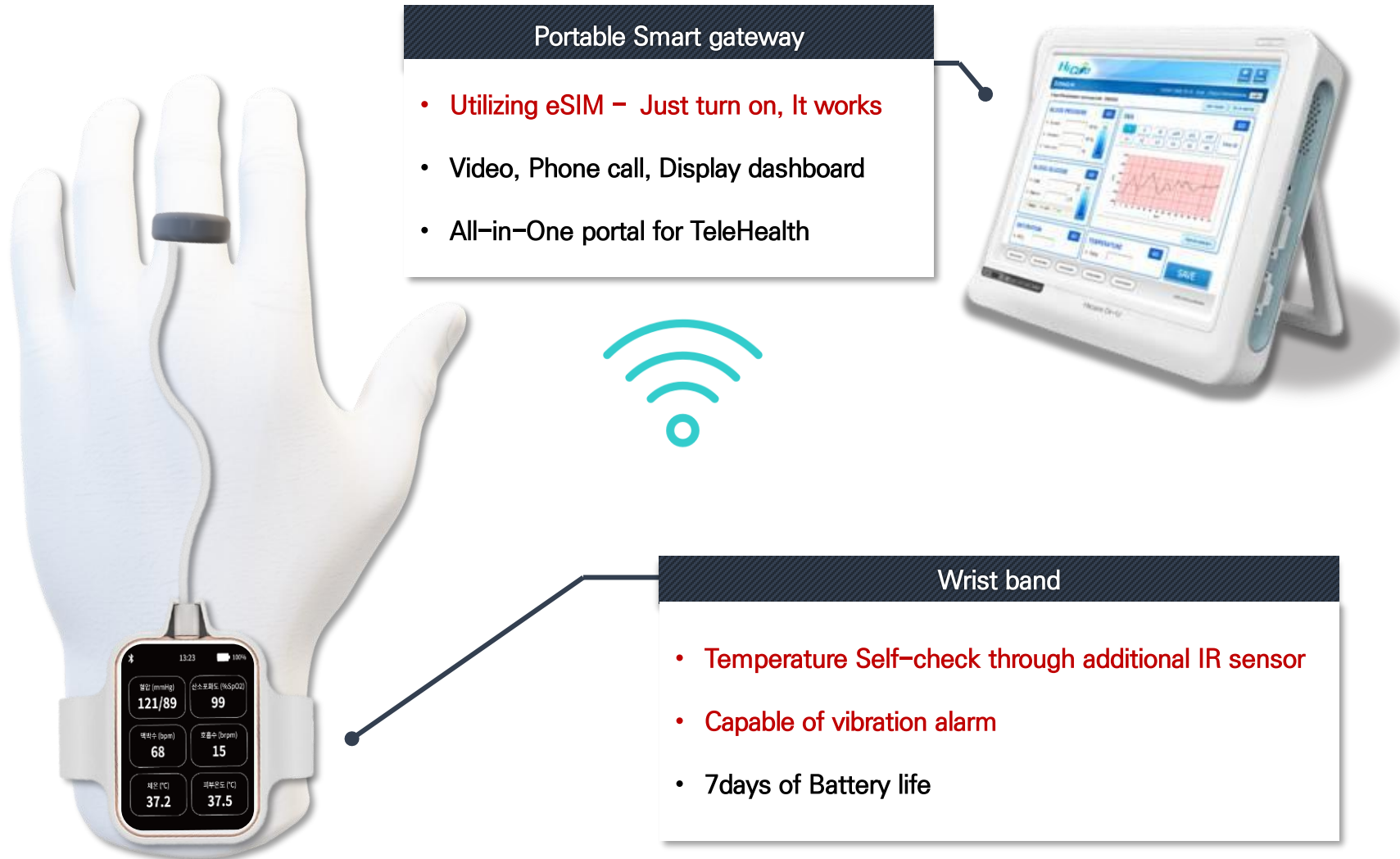
(Blood pressure, Heart rate, Respiratory rate, Body temperature, Blood oxygen level, Arrhythmia)



All-in-One Wearable under development



All-in-One Wearable under development



All-in-One Wearable under development

전체 환자 관리 [총 12명]

일산병원

전체

Warning

OFF

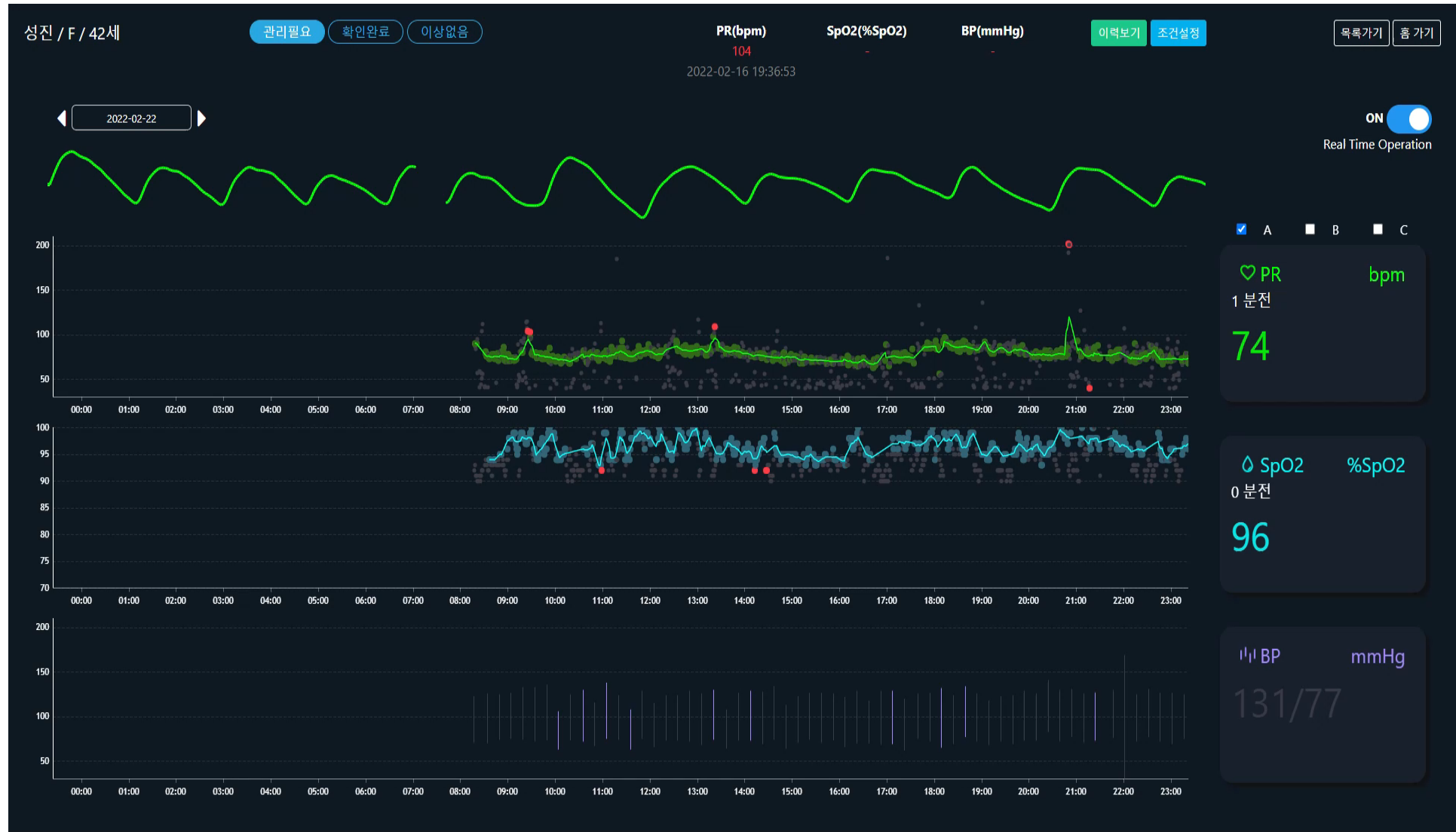
1

2

신호

위치	PR(bpm)	SpO2(%SpO2)	BP(mmHg)	이벤트			신호
CCU0202 배터리 50% 착용 54%	80 bpm 14분 전 평균 64	100 %SpO2 3시간 전 평균 99	114/66 mmHg 21분 전 평균 105/62	맥박 49 11시간 전	산소포화도 95 4시간 전	혈압 -	
CCU0404 배터리 90% 착용 20%	67 bpm 1분 전 평균 62	99 %SpO2 2일 전 평균 -	134/71 mmHg 2시간 전 평균 132/70	맥박 -	산소포화도 85 4일 전	혈압 -	
IH0027-11 배터리 60% 착용 60%	79 bpm 2분 전 평균 79	98 %SpO2 0분 전 평균 96	127/73 mmHg 24분 전 평균 126/70	맥박 104 6일 전	산소포화도 -	혈압 -	
CCU0707 배터리 - 착용 -	116 bpm 2일 전 평균 -	100 %SpO2 3일 전 평균 -	127/65 mmHg 2일 전 평균 -	맥박 119 3일 전	산소포화도 -	혈압 -	
CCU0303 배터리 - 착용 -	57 bpm 3일 전 평균 -	94 %SpO2 4일 전 평균 -	108/64 mmHg 3일 전 평균 -	맥박 -	산소포화도 89 4일 전	혈압 -	
CCU0101 배터리 90% 착용 54%	79 bpm 1분 전 평균 79	100 %SpO2 6분 전 평균 98	121/69 mmHg 4분 전 평균 124/69	확인완료	오성진	1시간 전	
CCU0808 배터리 90% 착용 31%	65 bpm 7시간 전 평균 67	96 %SpO2 7시간 전 평균 95	100/61 mmHg 7시간 전 평균 101/61	확인완료	오성진	1시간 전	
71w 0141 배터리 - 착용 -	75 bpm 49일 전 평균 -	- %SpO2 평균 -	-/- mmHg 평균 -	확인완료	오성진	5일 전	
IH0038-13 배터리 - 착용 -	- bpm 평균 -	- %SpO2 평균 -	-/- mmHg 평균 -	이상없음			

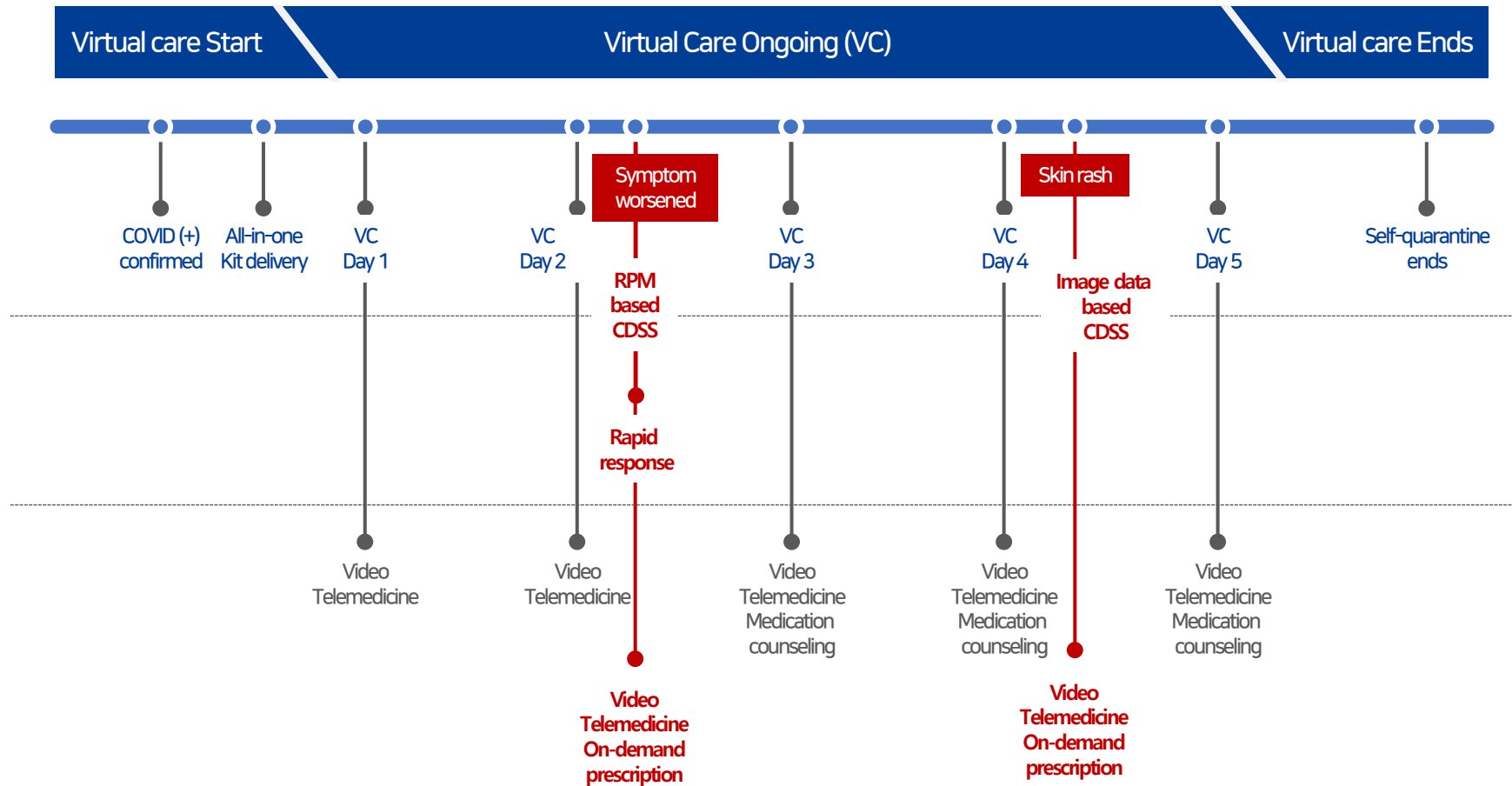
All-in-One Wearable under development



All-in-One Wearable

Service model scenario

Not only for infectious disease like COVID 19, also for chronic disease



CART Vital (Project 'Apollon')

Smart Ring Co-developed with NHIS Ilsan hospital

Awarded the 2025 CES Innovation Award



USA TODAY's 50 Top Picks for CES 2025



[US Today 주목제품 선정]



RESEARCH
AFFILIATES

SkyLabs

NHIS
Ilsan
Hospital

P People &
Technology

Community-based rapid response system

with Digital healthcare



AI algorithm

- + Imaging analysis
- + real time RPM



Wearable device

- + Integrated platform
- + GCM

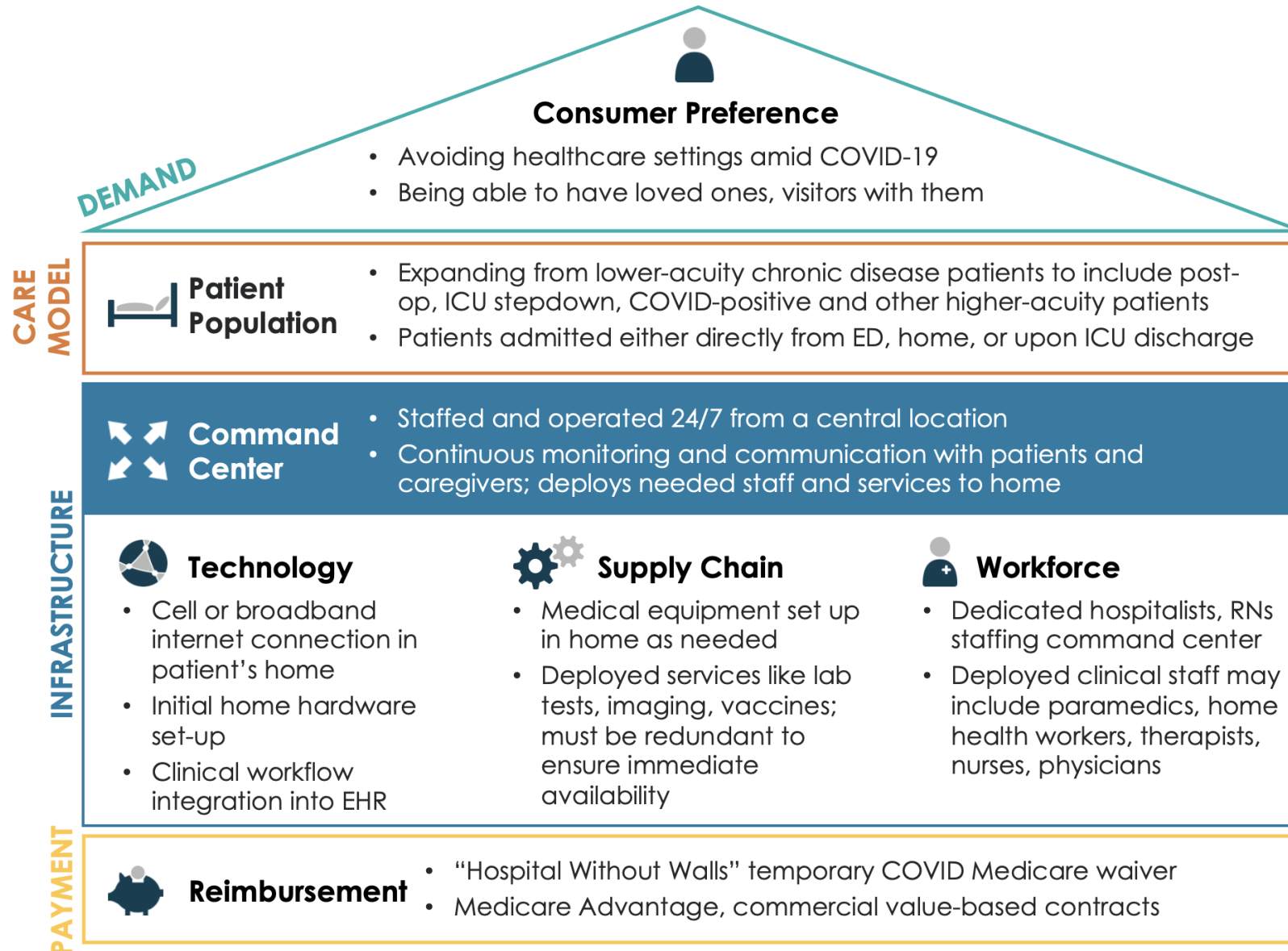


Tele-consulting

- + Homecare support
- + Chatbot

Virtual Hospital = “Homspital” “Virtual ward” “Hospital at Home”

The main components that make up a virtual hospital



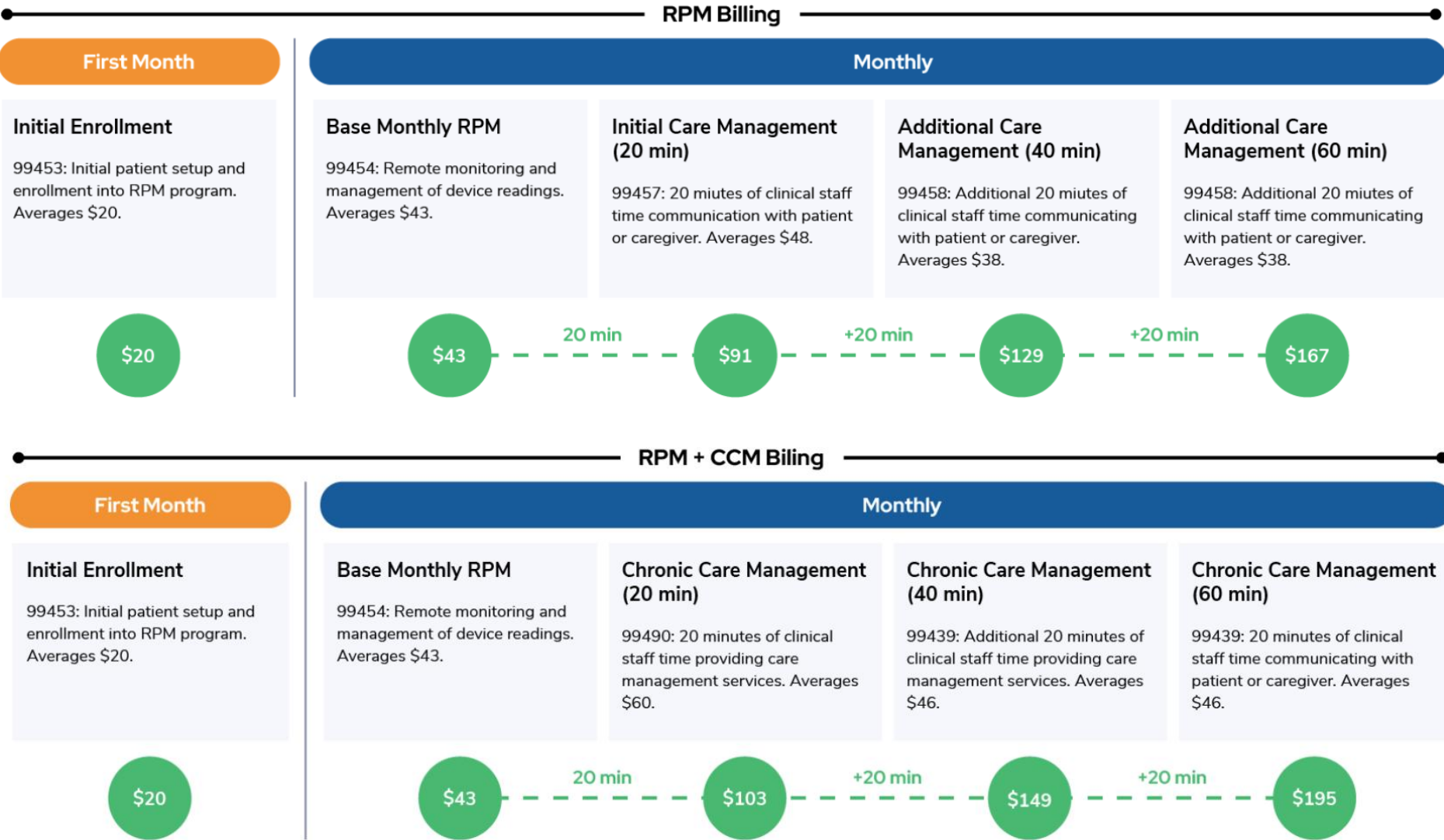
Virtual Hospital = “Homspital” “Virtual ward” “Hospital at Home”

Key components that make up a virtual hospital – overseas cases

Industry and Country	Service Type	Main target diseases	Core Technology	AI application	Visiting Medical Care Connection	Annual use patients	Key Performance Indicators	cost	Reimburse ment
HRS (United States)	Remote Monitoring, Virtual Ward	Chronic diseases such as heart failure, COPD, and diabetes	Remote vital monitoring, patient status prediction algorithm	✅ (Prediction of patient condition, risk warning)	✅ (Visiting Nursing Linkage)	Thousands	72% reduction in hospitalization rate and 55% reduction in emergency room visits	About \$120~150/ mo	✅ (Medicare/ Medicaid)
Current Health (United Kingdom)	Remote monitoring, virtual ward	Patients after discharge from the hospital with acute diseases, patients with chronic diseases	Vital Sign Real-Time Monitoring, AI-Powered Disease Exacerbation Prediction	✅ (Real-time AI deterioration prediction)	✅ (Visiting medical care can be linked)	Tens of thousands or more	35% reduction in hospital stays, 92% increase in patient satisfaction	£400~600 per month per hospital	✅ (NHS insurance benefits)
Medically Home (United States)	Virtual inpatient services (in-home wards)	Severe patients such as pneumonia, sepsis, and cancer patients	Virtual Patient Room Platform, Integrated Patient Status Management System	✅ (AI-powered patient management)	✅ (24-hour visiting medical team)	Hundreds of thousands	50% reduction in readmission rate and 30% reduction in medical costs	\$300~\$400 per day	✅ (U.S. CMS Pilot Project)
Doccla (UK, Sweden)	Hospital-home linked virtual ward platform	Respiratory diseases, heart diseases, and chronic diseases in general	Patient monitoring kits, real-time data analysis	✅ (AI-powered risk alerts)	✅ (Visiting Nursing Team)	Hundreds of thousands	20% improvement in hospital bed utilization rate, reduction of patient safety accidents	About £300~400/ month	✅ (NHS coverage)
Babylon Health (United Kingdom)	Digital healthcare, remote monitoring, AI virtual doctor	Chronic diseases such as diabetes and hypertension, mental health	AI chatbot, personalized management platform	✅ (AI chatbot)	❌ (Remote management)	More than 1.2 million	Improved chronic disease management, 35% reduction in hospital visits	Approx. £149/month (personal service)	✅ (Some services are covered by NHS)

Virtual Hospital = “Homspital” “Virtual ward” “Hospital at Home”

The main components that make up a virtual hospital – the reimbursement component



Community-based Homecare

with Digital healthcare





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