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The French Health Data Hub: towards data-driven healthcare

Dr Salam ABBARA

HEALTH DATA HUB

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NHIS Global Forum 2025, Seoul 11-12 June 2025

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- I. How the HDH is helping to shape the landscape of secondary reuse of health data in Europe Overview of the HDH's involvement within the EHDS

An introduction to the activities of the Health Data Hub

1. Introduction | The Health Data Hub, a public health data service

The uses of health data are increasing and it has become essential to ensure access to data sources as quickly as possible. Created at the end of 2019, the Health Data Hub is a public body tasked with facilitating access to health data for projects in the public interest, following the granting of open access to the French National Health Data System (Système national des données de santé – SNDS) in 2016.



The Health Data Hub is a public body tasked with facilitating access to health data for projects in the public interest

As unique gateway the HDH provides support to prospective data users and transparency to citizen



Requesting access

- The HDH is the one-stop shop for data access.
- **Data access applications** are submitted online to the HDH through a **dedicated platform**.
- The HDH verifies the completeness of the file and transmits it, if necessary, to the Ethic and Scientific Committee for evaluation.
- The HDH does not play the role of data permit authority today.
- Local data access is enabled by other actors, eq. through hospital data warehouses incl. local access committees

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Transparency on all projects

- Transparency promise: All projects are published on the public project register. Also for projects not requiring an authorization ("MR")
- A standard information template for each project, including:
 - Context, objectives, study 0 population and methodology
 - Data sources mobilised 0
 - Involved actors 0
 - Timeline of the project 0
- The HDH publishes some **key** figures around data access.

#6000 registered projects



Train and support

- Regular **trainings** for data users
- "Starter kit", including templates and pedagogical documentation to guide project leaders through the process.
- Support desk service to the user • community to follow regulatory requirements



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The French digital health infrastructure for secondary data reuse: An overview of the National Health Data System

What is the expanded SNDS? Context of creation





Data sources yet to be included

Key figures for the SNDS main database



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Information available and not available in the main SNDS database

Information on patients, beneficiaries

Age, gender, postcode, type of scheme, long-term illness, disability or occupational disease, date of death, medical cause of death, address at the time of death, doctor,

Healthcare consumption

Outpatient care consumption (dates, drugs, visits to healthcare professionals, rehabilitation, nursing, etc.) Inpatient care consumption (public hospitals, private clinics, some drugs, procedures, medical equipment, medical units, etc.), provider specialty

Long-term illness, disability or occupational disease, Diagnosis, causes of death, drugs, procedure

Information about treated pathologies

diagnostics for outpatient medicine risk factors (e.g., smoking, alcohol, etc.) non-reimbursed drugs

results of biological tests

drugs for in-hospital patients (e.g., antibiotics, pain killers, etc)



 (\mathfrak{X})

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consistency of the treatment with the patient's condition

stages of disease severity



 (\mathbb{X})

- care consumption by elderly residents in institutions
- socio-economic characteristics

Following the law of 2019, the scope of the SNDS has been expanded with the HDH catalogue



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The data catalog will soon be expanded to include other databases addressing a wide range of public health issues.

The **SNDS catalog** is a collection of databases that is not fixed in stone, but is built up iteratively. The decree of May 12, 2022 lists the **first 10 databases** to be included in the catalog, to which will be added the databases identified to join the catalog.

Base e-sis: breast cancer Base ATU: early access BNDMR: rare diseases EPICOV: Covid-19 ESME: breast cancer

E-must: myocardial infarction HEPATHER: hepatitis B or C MDO: list of mandatory diseases Memento: Alzheimer disease OSCOUR: emergency monitoring

Databases supported in their construction

on 🎽

P4DP: creation of a data warehouse for community care **ISIS, REALICIST:** creation of an oncology reference database The integration of 12 other databases is currently being examined by the CNIL:

Databases from call for project

ARAC: remaining expenses APSOREN, TARPON: emergency medicine, traumatology



SEDAAR: ophthalmology APRIORICS, PRECISION PREDICT, NetSARC: oncology

Other relevant databases



INTEGRA: hospital cohort on metabolic diseases **UroCCR,** biological clinical registry for kidney cancer



The Hydro project example : predicting Heart Failure crisis to prevent aggravations and reduce hospitalisations

The HYDRO project aims to **predict** heart failure crises leading to hospitalisation for patients with pacemakers in a context where existing solutions are generally not predictive

Context

45 000 data from pacemakers

3,8 M French patient data from the SNDS



Approach and first results

The Combo projet example (evaluating new COMBinations in Oncology with real-world data)

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S I /

In oncology, it's no longer a question of finding a miracle molecule, but of **identifying the best combination of existing molecules** to develop new products.

Context

Development programs are therefore extremely costly, due to the large number of possible combinations to be tested. Many of them fail in the preclinical and clinical phases.

The COMBO project aims to develop an algorithm for predicting which drug combinations are most likely to be effective and safe in Phase I clinical trials.



The Health Data Hub works with the Government to prepare a national doctrine for hospital data warehouses



Creating a National doctrine for hospital data warehouses will allow to :



 OFFICIENT
 Create a Common data foundation for hospital data warehouses

 OFFICIENT
 Healthcare data access governance

 OFFICIENT
 Common database standardization and interoperability

 OFFICIENT
 Data catalogue

 OFFICIENT
 Sustainable financing of health databases and fees for the provision of healthcare data



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The example of the hospitals data warehouses

Nationwide network of hospital data



BactHub projet (impact of antibiotic exposure on the risk of community-acquired resistant bloodstream infections)



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Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a major public health problem: ~ 5M deaths associated with / ~1.1M attributable to AMR worldwide. Dissemination in the community

Murray et al., Lancet 2022 2024



Antibiotic consumption contributes to AMR. But **which antibiotics, and what about community acquired infections?** Clinical data-warehouse of the AP-HP (14 hospitals, 2017-2019, Paris area) Matching: 98%

Main database of the SNDS (health insurance claim data)

Precise clinical and microbiological data Complete exposure to antibiotic and healthcare Precise identification of community-acquired infections

> Administrative, technical and human support of the HDH + analysis on the HDH platform

 > 30 000 bloodstream infections among which 10 000 are community-onset and
 5 000 are community-acquired (Friedman criteria)



The BactHub project aims at quantifying the impact of antibiotic exposure on the risk of community-acquired resistant bloodstream infections

L. Watier, S. Abbara





Ongoing: link between antibiotic exposure/ 3GC-R *E. coli* community-acquired infections

Study 2

Supporting data integration, analytics and AI

What is the technological platform? | Focus

A cloud platform dedicated to public-interest healthcare research projects that enables :

The ingestion and hosting of pseudonymised health data under security conditions that comply with CNIL (French Data Protection authority) requirements.

A dedicated analysis space for each research project, with a range of tools for exploiting and visualizing data.

Database storage and the creation of a data catalogue available to projects

It is part of the Health Data Hub's mission to simplify access to healthcare data, in a state-of-the-art technological and IT secure environment.

Data life cycle | Overview



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3. Technological offer | current offer*



*Complexity to take into account if a project leader wishes to use a tool outside the current technological offer



The HDH makes its services available to support innovative projects using public interest AI approaches



A few examples of projects using artificial intelligence that delivered initial results

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	 Results 80k semi-automatically pre-processed images Publication of two scientific articles (<u>1</u>, <u>2</u>) A confirmed trial of automated localisation of focal liver lesions 	 Results Tool developed and in deployment phase Can be used in a research context Retrospective study in progress 	 Results Algorithm under development Application submitted to the FDA for marketing 	 Algorithm developed and implemented in a powerful server dedicated to Al 97% of CRs classified correctly A scientific article (1) 	 Résultats Data linked and transferred Initial results produced by statistical analysis Description of current analysis population



Description

Improving medical diagnosis using artificial

intelligence to detect precancerous and

cancerous lesions of the cervix.

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TissueNet

Results

•

- 574 participants from all over the ٠ world
 - 20 data-providing centres
 - 90%+ accuracy in detecting cervical lesions

Société Française de Dermatologie

Targeting patients with a high risk of

recurrence so that preventive treatments can

be introduced to improve patient survival

SP

Description







Résultats

- Three winners rewarded their • algorithms will be shared as open source
- Results of the Data Challenge still ٠ being analysed

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The HDH commitment to support Al | "PARTAGES" a candidate consortium for the "Digital Commons" call, to create medical LLM in French and a corpus of synthetic medical records



The HDH has created a consortium to respond to the "digital commons for generative AI" call for projects, launched as part of France 2030. The consortium is mobilising cutting-edge skills to **produce impactful deliverables that will be 90% open source and reusable by the entire medical, academic and industrial scientific community**.



Resulting in :

- A basic medical LLM in French, open source
- A training database of 10,000 fictional medical reports
- Specific algorithms corresponding to initial use cases or training relevant to the ecosystem
- A federated national platform for validating models on real hospital data that can be reused as part of the Grand Challenges program
 - **Methodological guides for algorithm refinement** (finetuning) by hospital staff using their own data

GOUVERNEMENT

FRANCE

How HDH is helping to shape the landscape of secondary reuse of health data in Europe

Growing initiatives for European Health Data Space implementation



Overview of the SHAIPED project

Supporting Health Data Access Bodies to establish AI Pathways Enabling Deployment of AI as medical device tools



Within the 3 next years, SHAIPED is expected to provide the foundations and first results of an European AI space for health

SHAIPED aims at identifying, building new and strengthening existing pathways for AI medical device development, testing and deployment provided by Health Data Access Bodies



Conclusion

After five years, where do we stand?



Production launch of a technology platform in just one year



Rapid recruitment of staff to reach 116 people by 1 January 2025



Support for 170 projects, a third of which are led by industrial actors



Major European involvement, notably as leader of the HealthData@EU Pilot project, to build the first version of the EHDS



More than 100 active partnerships, resulting in the development of links with the entire ecosystem, including civil society



A major impetus for the constitution of new databases: AAP on health data warehouses (€75M), P4DP project (€10M)

More than 650 public talks since 2021 and participation in major projects such as PariSanté Campus, FIAC, DARWIN





Do you have any questions ?



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Annex

In a nutshell a comprehensive service offer to guide projects



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In a nutshell | projects addressing a multitude of areas and objectives



HDH responds to a **real need in the ecosystem**, which is the subject of significant demand that will accelerate with the promotion of the use of healthcare data for a variety of purposes.



Requesting access to data | The support of the HDH



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The HDH is the **one-stop shop** for data access. Data access requests are made online via a dedicated platform. It provides a **starter kit** to guide applicants throughout the process.

The HDH checks the completeness of the application and, if necessary, forwards it to the **Ethics and Scientific Committee** (CESREES) for evaluation. The committee provides an opinion within one month on the research's **objective** and **methodology**; the need for the use of personal health data; ethical relevance; **scientific quality** of the project; and the **public interest** of the project.

If CESREES gives a favourable opinion, and at the applicant's request, the **CNIL** (data protection agency) evaluates the data access request for approval within a two-month period, which can be extended once.

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The Health Data Hub makes available open resources to facilitate using and understanding the SNDS main database



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GIS ANSM - CNAM



Increasing findability of databases added to the SNDS catalogue : the data directory



The HDH lists on a page the databases that are added to the SNDS catalogue along with their descriptions.

This information is available on the <u>HDH website</u>.

Beyond the directory, the HDH develops a **national metadata catalogue** to make it easier for project leaders to identify the data available, its content and its quality.



Giving more visibility to strategic datasets with a structured metadata catalogue

A granular metadata catalogue, tailored to healthcare data and part of a European approach

- Metadata structured in three levels (dataset, collection, database (structured database, set of images))
- Use of standard ontologies (e.g. MeSH: Medical Subject Headings)
- Alignment with European programmes (TEHDAS recommendations, creation of a DCAT-AP extension for the medical field)
- **Designed for the healthcare ecosystem** (used to document SNDS catalogue databases, white-labelled service provided to future healthcare data warehouses, source code ultimately open sourced)

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Permissible and prohibited purposes

All studies, research, and evaluations involving personal health data must pursue a public interest purpose to be authorised (Art. 66 loi Informatique et libertés).

The main SNDS database also has its own specific purposes :

SNDS Système national des données de santé

Potential authorised purposes :

- health information (healthcare provision, medical and social care and quality);
- definition, implementation, and evaluation of health and social protection policies;
- understanding of healthcare expenditure, health insurance and medico-social expenditure ;
- information for professionals, organisations, and healthcare/medical-social establishments about their activities ;
- health surveillance, monitoring, and safety ;
- research, studies, evaluation, and innovation in the health and medical-social fields :

Prohibited purposes :

- promotion of health product to healthcare professionals or establishments ;
- Or the exclusion of cover from insurance contracts or the modification of insurance contributions or premiums for an individual or a group of individuals.

To demonstrate that a project is in the public interest, it is possible to rely on the project's aims, benefits, transparency and scientific integrity.

Public interest is not inherently incompatible with commercial interest, and the quality of the applicant is not a criterion.



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